

14.3.1*

Unless otherwise permitted by 14.3.2, visual inspections shall be performed in accordance with the schedules in Table 14.3.1 or more often if required by the authority having jurisdiction.

Table 14.3.1 Visual Inspection

| <u>Component</u> | <u>Initial</u> <u>Acceptance</u> | <u>Periodic</u> <u>Frequency</u> | Method | <u>Reference</u> |
|---|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|------------------|
| 1. All equipment | Х | Annual | Ensure there are no changes that affect equipment performance. Inspect for building modifications, occupancy changes, changes in environmental conditions, device location, physical obstructions, device orientation, physical damage, and degree of cleanliness. | 14.3.4 |
| 2. Control equipment: | | | | |
| (a) Fire alarm systems monitored for alarm, supervisory, and trouble signals | | | Verify a system normal condition. | |
| (1) Fuses | Х | Annual | | |
| (2) Interfaced equipment | Х | Annual | | |
| (3) Lamps and LEDs | Х | Annual | | |
| (4) Primary (main) power supply | Х | Annual | | |
| (5) Trouble signals | X Semiannual | <u>Annual</u> | | |
| (b) Fire alarm systems unmonitored for alarm, supervisory, and trouble signals | | | Verify a system normal condition. | |
| (1) Fuses | Х | Weekly | | |
| (2) Interfaced equipment | Х | Weekly | | |
| (3) Lamps and LEDs | Х | Weekly | | |
| (4) Primary (main) power supply | Х | Weekly | | |
| (5) Trouble signals | Х | Weekly | | |
| 3. Reserved | | | | |
| 4. station alarm systems — transmitters | | | Verify location, physical condition, and a system normal condition. | |

| | <u>Component</u> | Initial Acceptance | <u>Periodic</u> <u>Frequency</u> | Method | <u>Reference</u> |
|-----|---|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|--|------------------|
| | (a) Digital alarm communicator transmitter (DACT) | Х | Annual | | |
| | (b) Digital alarm radio transmitter (DART) | Х | Annual | | |
| | (c) McCulloh | Х | Annual | | |
| | (d) Radio alarm transmitter (RAT) | Х | Annual | | |
| | (e) All other types of communicators | Х | Annual | | |
| 5. | In-building fire emergency voice/alarm communications equipment | Х | Semiannual | Verify location and condition. | |
| 6. | Reserved | | | | |
| 7. | Reserved | | | | |
| 8. | Reserved | | | | |
| 9. | Batteries | | | Inspect for corrosion or leakage. Verify tightness of connections. Verify marking of the month/year of manufacture (all types). | 10.6.10 |
| | (a) Lead-acid | X Monthly | <u>Semiannual</u> | Visually inspect electrolyte level. | |
| | (b) Nickel- cadmium | Х | Semiannual | | |
| | (c) Primary (dry cell) | XMonthly | <u>Semiannual</u> | | |
| | (d) Sealed lead- acid | Х | Semiannual | | |
| 10. | . Reserved | | | | |
| 11. | Remote annunciators | Х | Semiannual | Verify location and condition. | |
| 12. | Notification . appliance circuit power extenders | Х | Annual | Verify proper fuse ratings, if any. Verify that lamps and LEDs indicate normal operating status of the equipment. | 10.6 |
| 13. | Remote power supplies | Х | Annual | Verify proper fuse ratings, if any. Verify that lamps and LEDs indicate normal operating status of the equipment. | 10.6 |
| 14. | Transient suppressors | Х | Semiannual | Verify location and condition. | |
| 15 | . Reserved | | | | |
| 16. | Fiber-optic cable connections | х | Annual | Verify location and condition. | |
| 17. | . Initiating devices | | | Verify location and condition (all devices). | |
| | (a) Air sampling | | | | |

| <u>Component</u> | Initial Acceptance | <u>Periodic</u> <u>Frequency</u> | Method | <u>Referenc</u> |
|---|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------|
| (1) General | х | Semiannual | Verify that in-line filters, if any, are clean. | 17.7.3.6 |
| (2) Sampling system piping and sampling ports | Х | N/A | Verify that sampling system piping and fittings are installed properly, appear airtight, and are permanently fixed. Confirm that sampling pipe is conspicuously identified. Verify that sample ports or points are not obstructed. | 17.7.3.6 |
| (b) Duct | | | | |
| (1) General | Х | Semiannual | Verify that detector is rigidly mounted. Confirm that no penetrations in a return air duct exist in the vicinity of the detector. Confirm the detector is installed so as to sample the airstream at the proper location in the duct. | 17.7.5.5 |
| (2) Sampling tube | Х | Annual | Verify proper orientation. Confirm the sampling tube protrudes into the duct in accordance with system design. | 17.7.5.5 |
| (c) Electromechanical releasing devices | Х | Semiannual | | |
| (d) Fire extinguishing system(s) or suppression system(s) switches | Х | Semiannual | | |
| (e) Manual fire alarm boxes | х | Semiannual | | |
| (f) Heat detectors | Х | Semiannual | | |
| (g) Radiant energy fire detectors | Х | Quarterly | Verify no point requiring detection is obstructed or outside the detector's field of view. | 17.8 |
| (h) Video image smoke and fire detectors | Х | Quarterly | Verify no point requiring detection is obstructed or outside the detector's field of view. | 17.7.7; 17.11.5 |
| (i) Smoke detectors (excluding one- and two-family dwellings) | Х | Semiannual | | |
| (j) Projected beam smoke detectors | Х | Semiannual | Verify beam path is unobstructed. | |
| (k) Supervisory signal devices | Х | Quarterly | | |

| | <u>Component</u> | Initial Acceptance | <u>Periodic</u> <u>Frequency</u> | Method | <u>Reference</u> |
|-----|---|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|---|------------------|
| | (I) Waterflow devices | Х | Quarterly | | |
| 18. | Reserved | | | | |
| 19. | Combination systems | | | Verify location and condition (all types). | |
| | (a) Fire extinguisher electronic monitoring device/systems | Х | Semiannual | | |
| | (b) Carbon monoxide detectors/systems | Х | Semiannual | | |
| 20. | Fire alarm control interface and emergency control function interface | Х | Semiannual | Verify location and condition. | |
| 21. | Guard's tour equipment | Х | Semiannual | Verify location and condition. | |
| 22. | Notification appliances | | | Verify location and condition (all appliances). | |
| | (a) Audible appliances | Х | Semiannual | | |
| | (b) Audible textual notification appliances | Х | Semiannual | | |
| | (c) Visible appliances | | | | |
| | (1) General | Х | Semiannual | | 18.5.5 |
| | (2) Candela rating | Х | N/A | Verify that the candela rating marking agrees with the approved drawings. | 18.5.5 |
| 23. | Exit marking audible notification appliances | Х | Semiannual | Verify location and condition. | |
| 24. | Reserved | | | | |
| 25. | Area of refuge two-way communication system | Х | Annual | Verify location and condition. | |
| 26. | Reserved | | | | |
| 27. | Supervising station alarm systems — receivers | | | | |
| | (a) Signal receipt | х | Daily | Verify receipt of signal. | |
| | (b) Receivers | Х | Annual | Verify location and normal condition. | |

| <u>Component</u> | <u>Initial</u> <u>Acceptance</u> | <u>Periodic</u> <u>Frequency</u> | Method | <u>Reference</u> |
|---|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------|
| Public emergency alarm reporting 28. system transmission equipment | | | Verify location and condition. | |
| (a) Publicly accessible alarm box | х | Semiannual | | |
| (b) Auxiliary box | Х | Annual | | |
| (c) Master box | | | | |
| (1) Manual operation | Х | Semiannual | | |
| (2) Auxiliary operation | Х | Annual | | |
| 29. Reserved | | | | |
| 30. Mass notification system | | | | |
| (a) Monitored for integrity | | | Verify a system normal condition. | |
| (1) Control equipment | | | | |
| (i) Fuses | Х | Annual | | |
| (ii) Interfaces | Х | Annual | | |
| (iii) Lamps/LED | Х | Annual | | |
| (iv) Primary (main) power supply | Х | Annual | | |
| (2) Secondary power batteries | Х | Annual | | |
| (3) Initiating devices | Х | Annual | | |
| (4) Notification appliances | Х | Annual | | |
| (b) Not monitored for integrity; installed prior to adoption of the 2010 edition | | | Verify a system normal condition. | |
| (1) Control equipment | | | | |
| (i) Fuses | Х | Semiannual | | |
| (ii) Interfaces | Х | Semiannual | | |
| (iii) Lamps/LED | x | Semiannual | | |

| <u>Component</u> | Initial Acceptance | <u>Periodic</u> <u>Frequency</u> | Method | <u>Reference</u> |
|--|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|
| (iv) Primary (main) power supply | Х | Semiannual | | |
| (2) Secondary power batteries | Х | Semiannual | | |
| (3) Initiating devices | х | Semiannual | | |
| (4) Notification appliances | Х | Semiannual | | |
| (c) Antenna | Х | Annual | Verify location and condition. | |
| (d) Transceivers | Х | Annual | Verify location and condition. | |

Note: N/A = not applicable, no minimum requirement established.

Statement of Problem and Substantiation for Public Input

These points are usually supervised and will therefore send a trouble signal.

Submitter Information Verification

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|-------------------------|---|
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| Submittal Date: | Wed Jun 29 16:05:41 EDT 2016 |

Committee Statement

Resolution: The Technical Committee does not change item (2) (a) (5) from semi-annual to annual. No justification was provided and there are other requirements that would have someone at the panel on a semi-annual basis. Batteries were not addressed in the substantiation.

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14.4.3.2*

Systems and associated equipment shall be tested according to Table 14.4.3.2.

Table 14.4.3.2 Testing

| | Component | <u>Initial</u> | Periodic | Method |
|----|--|----------------|------------------|--|
| | component | Acceptance | <u>Frequency</u> | <u> MELIOU</u> |
| ١. | All equipment | Х | | See Table 14.3.1. |
| 2. | Control equipment and transponder | | | |
| | (a) Functions | х | Annually | Verify correct receipt of alarm, supervisory, and trouble signals (inputs); operation of evacuation signals and auxiliary functions (outputs); circuit supervision, including detection of open circuits and ground faults and power supply supervision for detection of loss of ac power and disconnection of secondary batteries. |
| | (b) Fuses | Х | Annually | Verify rating and supervision. |
| | (c) Interfaced equipment | Х | Annually | Verify integrity of single or multiple circuits providing interface between two or more control units. Test interfaced equipment connections by operating or simulating operation of the equipment being supervised. Verify signals required to be transmitted at the control unit. |
| | (d) Lamps and LEDs | Х | Annually | Illuminate lamps and LEDs. |
| | (e) Primary (main) power supply | х | Annually | Test under maximum load, including all alarm appliances requiring simultaneous operation. Test redundant power supplies separately. |
| 3. | Fire alarm control unit trouble signals | | | |
| | (a) Audible and visual | х | Annually | Verify operation of control unit trouble signals. Verify ring-back feature for system using a trouble-silencing switch that require resetting. |
| | (b) Disconnect switches | x | Annually | If control unit has disconnect or isolating switches, verify performance of intended function of each switch. Verify receipt of trouble signal when a supervised function i disconnected. |
| | (c) Ground-fault monitoring circuit | Х | Annually | If the system has a ground detection feature, verify the occurrence of ground-fau indication whenever any installation conductor is grounded. |
| | (d) Transmission of signals to off- premises location | Х | Annually | Actuate an initiating device and verify receipt of alarm signal at the off-premises location. |
| | | | | Create a trouble condition and verify receip of a trouble signal at the off-premises location. |

| Acceptance Frequency Acceptance Frequency Actuate a supervisory device and ver receipt of a supervisory signal at the premises location. If a transmission cis capable of operation under a single multiple-fault condition, activate an in device during such fault condition attance and the off-premises location. Supervising station alarm (a) All equipment X (a) All equipment X (b) Digital alarm communicator transmitter (DACT) X (b) Digital alarm communicator transmitter (DACT) X (b) Digital alarm communicator transmitter X (c) ACT) X | | <u>Acceptance</u> | <u>Frequency</u> | Actuate a supervisory device and verify receipt of a supervisory signal at the off- premises location. If a transmission carrier |
|--|--|-------------------|------------------|--|
| Actuate a supervisory device and ver receipt of a supervisory signal at the premises location. If a transmission is capable of operation under a single multiple-fault condition, activate an in device during such fault condition an receipt of an alarm signal and a trout signal at the off-premises location. Supervising station alarm 4. systems — transmission equipment (a) All equipment (b) Digital alarm (communicator the system to a correct operation in conformance with applicable sections of Chapter 26. Except for DACT, actuate initiating device signal at the supervising static within 90 seconds. Upon completion test, restore the system to its function operating condition. If test jacks are used, conduct the firs last tests without the use of the test jies connected to a telephone line (numb is also supervised for adverse condit a derived local channel, ensure connor of the DACT to two separate means transmission. Test DACT for line seizure capability initiating a signal while using the tele line (primary line for DACTs using two telephone lines) for a telephone call. that the call is interrupted and that th communicator connects to the digital advite the digital device signal at the supervised for adverse condition. | | | | Actuate a supervisory device and verify receipt of a supervisory signal at the off- premises location. If a transmission carrier |
| Supervising station alarm 4. systems — transmission equipment (a) All X Annually (a) All X Annually (a) All X Annually (b) Digital alarm communicator transmitter (DACT) (b) Digital alarm communicator transmitter (DACT) (c) Digital alarm communicator transmitter (DACT) (c) Digital alarm communicator transmission. Test DACT for line seizure capability initiating a signal while using the tele line (primary line for DACTs using two telephone call. that the call is interrupted and that th communicator to the digital | | | | multiple-fault condition, activate an initiatin device during such fault condition and verif receipt of an alarm signal and a trouble signal at the off-premises location. |
| (a) All equipment (a) All equipment (b) Digital alarm communicator transmitter (DACT) (b) Digital alarm communicator transmitter (DACT) (b) Annually (b) Digital alarm communicator transmitter (DACT) (c) Annually (b) Digital alarm communicator transmitter (DACT) (c) Annually (c) | Supervising station alarm systems — transmission equipment | | | |
| (b) Digital alarm (b) Digital alarm (communicator (DACT) (DACT) (DACT) (b) Digital alarm (communicator (DACT) (DACT) (b) Digital alarm (communicator (DACT) (b) Digital alarm (communicator (DACT) (b) Digital alarm (communicator (DACT) (communicator (DACT) (communicator (communicator (communicator (communicator (communicator) (communicator) | (a) All equipment | х | Annually | ^a Test all system functions and features in accordance with the equipment manufacturer's published instructions for correct operation in conformance with the applicable sections of Chapter 26. |
| (b) Digital alarm (communicator (DACT) (DACT) (DACT) (If test jacks are used, conduct the first last tests without the use of the test jacks are used, conduct the first last tests without the use of the test jacks are used, conduct the first last tests without the use of the test jacks are used, conduct the first last tests without the use of the test jacks are used, conduct the first last tests without the use of the test jacks are used, conduct the first last tests without the use of the test jacks are used, conduct the first last tests without the use of the test jacks are used, conduct the first last tests without the use of the test jacks are used, conduct the first last tests without the use of the test jacks are used, conduct the first last tests without the use of the test jacks are used, conduct the first last tests without the use of the test jacks are used, conduct the first last tests without the use of the test jacks are used, conduct the first last tests without the use of the test jacks are used, conduct the first last tests without the use of the test jacks are used, conduct the first last tests without the use of the test jacks are used, conduct the first last tests without the use of the test jacks are used, conduct the use of the test jacks are used, conduct the use of the test jacks are used, conduct the use of the test jacks are used. | | | | Except for DACT, actuate initiating device and verify receipt of the correct initiating device signal at the supervising station within 90 seconds. Upon completion of the test, restore the system to its functional operating condition. |
| Test DACT for line seizure capability initiating a signal while using the tele line (primary line for DACTs using two telephone lines) for a telephone call. that the call is interrupted and that the communicator connects to the digital | (b) Digital alarm communicator transmitter (DACT) | х | Annually | If test jacks are used, conduct the first and last tests without the use of the test jack. Except for DACTs installed prior to adoptio of the 2013 edition of NFPA 72 that are connected to a telephone line (number) that is also supervised for adverse conditions b a derived local channel, ensure connection of the DACT to two separate means of transmission. |
| receiver. Verify receipt of the correct at the supervising station. Verify each transmission attempt is completed wi 90 seconds from going off-hook to or | | | | Test DACT for line seizure capability by initiating a signal while using the telephone line (primary line for DACTs using two telephone lines) for a telephone call. Ensur that the call is interrupted and that the communicator connects to the digital alarm receiver. Verify receipt of the correct signal at the supervising station. Verify each transmission attempt is completed within 90 seconds from going off-hook to on-hook |

| Component | Initial | <u>Periodic</u> | Mathad |
|--|------------|-----------------|---|
| <u>Component</u> | Acceptance | Frequency | Method |
| | | | Disconnect the telephone line (primary line for DACTs using two telephone lines) from the DACT. Verify indication of the DACT trouble signal occurs at the premises fire alarm control unit within 4 minutes of detection of the fault. Verify receipt of the telephone line trouble signal at the supervising station. Restore the telephone line (primary line for DACTs using two telephone lines), reset the fire alarm control unit, and verify that the telephone line fault trouble signal returns to normal. Verify that the supervising station receives the restoral signal from the DACT. |
| | | | Disconnect the secondary means of transmission from the DACT. Verify indication of the DACT trouble signal occurs at the premises fire alarm control unit within 4 minutes of detection of the fault. Verify receipt of the secondary means trouble signal at the supervising station. Restore the secondary means of transmission, reset the fire alarm control unit, and verify that the trouble signal returns to normal. Verify that the supervising station receives the restoral signal from the secondary transmitter. |
| | | | Cause the DACT to transmit a signal to the DACR while a fault in the telephone line (number) (primary line for DACTs using two telephone lines) is simulated. Verify utilization of the secondary communication path by the DACT to complete the transmission to the DACR. |
| (c) Digital alarm radio transmitter (DART) | Х | Annually | Disconnect the primary telephone line. Verify transmission of a trouble signal to the supervising station by the DART occurs within 4 minutes. |
| (d) McCulloh transmitter | Х | Annually | Actuate initiating device. Verify production of not less than three complete rounds of not less than three signal impulses each by the McCulloh transmitter. |
| | | | If end-to-end metallic continuity is present and with a balanced circuit, cause each of the following four transmission channel faul conditions in turn, and verify receipt of correct signals at the supervising station: (1) Open (2) Ground (3) Wire-to-wire short |

| Component | <u>Initial</u> | Periodic | Mathad |
|--|----------------|------------------|---|
| <u>component</u> | Acceptance | Frequency | Method |
| (e) Radio alarm transmitter (RAT) (f) Performance- based technologies | X | Annually | If end-to-end metallic continuity is not present and with a properly balanced circuit cause each of the following three transmission channel fault conditions in turn and verify receipt of correct signals at the supervising station: (1) Open (2) Ground (3) Wire-to-wire short Cause a fault between elements of the transmitting equipment. Verify indication of the fault at the protected premises, or transmission of trouble signal to the supervising station. Perform tests to ensure the monitoring of integrity of the transmission technology and technology path. Where shared communications equipment is used as permitted by 26.6.3.1.14, provided secondary (standby) power sources shall be tested in accordance with Table 14.4.3.2, item 7, 8, or 9, as applicable Where a single communications path is used, disconnect the communication path. Manually initiate an alarm signal transmission or allow the check-in (handshake) signal to be transmitted automatically. ^b Verify the premises unit |
| | | | annunciates the failure within 200 seconds of the transmission failure. Restore the communication path. Where multiple communication paths are used, disconnect both communication paths. Manually initiate an alarm signal transmission. Verify the premises control unit annunciates the failure within 200 seconds of the transmission failure. Restore both communication paths. |
| Emergency . communications equipment | | | |
| (a) Amplifier/tone generators | Х | Annually | Verify correct switching and operation of backup equipment. |
| (b) Call-in signal silence | Х | Annually | Operate/function and verify receipt of correct visual and audible signals at control unit. |
| (c) Off-hook indicator (ring | x | Annually | Install phone set or remove phone from hook and verify receipt of signal at control |
| down) | | | unit. |

| | Component | <u>Initial</u> | Periodic | Mothed |
|----|---|----------------|------------------|--|
| | <u>component</u> | Acceptance | <u>Frequency</u> | Method |
| | (e) Phone set | Х | Annually | Activate each phone set and verify correct operation. |
| | (f) System performance | Х | Annually | Operate the system with a minimum of any five handsets simultaneously. Verify voice quality and clarity. |
| 6. | Engine-driven generator | Х | Monthly | If an engine-driven generator dedicated to the system is used as a required power source, verify operation of the generator <u>and</u> <u>transfer switch</u> in accordance with NFPA 110 by the building owner. |
| 7. | Secondary (standby) power supply ^C | Х | Annually | Disconnect all primary (main) power supplies and verify the occurrence of required trouble indication for loss of primary power. Measure or verify the system's standby and alarm current demand and verify the ability of batteries to meet standby and alarm requirements using manufacturer's data. Operate general alarm systems a minimum of 5 minutes and emergency voice communications systems for a minimum of 15 minutes. Reconnect primary (main) power supply at end of test. |
| 8. | Uninterruptible power supply (UPS) | Х | Annually | If a UPS system dedicated to the system is used as a required power source, verify by the building owner operation of the UPS system in accordance with NFPA 111. |
| 9. | Battery tests | | | Prior to conducting any battery testing, verify by the person conducting the test, tha all system software stored in volatile memory is protected from loss. |
| | (a) Lead-acid type | | | |
| | (1) Battery replacement | Х | Annually | Replace batteries in accordance with the recommendations of the alarm equipment manufacturer or when the recharged battery voltage or current falls below the manufacturer's recommendations. |
| | (2) Charger test | Х | Annually | With the batteries fully charged and connected to the charger, measure the voltage across the batteries with a voltmeter. Verify the voltage is 2.30 volts pe cell ± 0.02 volts at 77°F (25°C) or as specified by the equipment manufacturer. |
| | (3) Discharge test | Х | Annually | With the battery charger disconnected, load test the batteries following the manufacturer's recommendations. Verify the voltage level does not fall below the levels specified. Load testing can be by means of an artificial load equal to the full fire alarm load connected to the battery. |

| Component | <u>Initial</u> | <u>Periodic</u> | Mothod |
|----------------------------------|----------------|------------------|--|
| <u>component</u> | Acceptance | <u>Frequency</u> | Method |
| (4) Load voltage test | Х | Semiannually | With the battery charger disconnected, load test the batteries following the manufacturer's recommendations. Verify the voltage level does not fall below the levels specified. Load testing can be by means of an artificial load equal to the full fire alarm load connected to the battery. Verify the battery does not fall below 2.05 volts per cell under load. |
| (5) Specific gravity | Х | Semiannually | Measure as required the specific gravity of the liquid in the pilot cell or all of the cells. Verify the specific gravity is within the range specified by the manufacturer. Although the specified specific gravity varies from manufacturer to manufacturer, a range of 1.205–1.220 is typical for regular lead-acid batteries, while 1.240–1.260 is typical for high-performance batteries. Do not use a hydrometer that shows only a pass or fail condition of the battery and does not indicate the specific gravity, because such a reading does not give a true indication of the battery condition. |
| (b) Nickel- | | | |
| (1) Battery replacement | Х | Annually | Replace batteries in accordance with the recommendations of the alarm equipment manufacturer or when the recharged battery voltage or current falls below the manufacturer's recommendations. |
| (2) Charger test ^d | х | Annually | With the batteries fully charged and connected to the charger, place an ampere meter in series with the battery under charge. Verify the charging current is in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of battery used. In the absence of specific information, use ¹ / ₃₀ to ¹ / ₂₅ of the battery rating. |
| (3) Discharge test | х | Annually | With the battery charger disconnected, load test the batteries following the manufacturer's recommendations. Verify the voltage level does not fall below the levels specified. Load testing can be by means of an artificial load equal to the full fire alarm load connected to the battery. |
| (4) Load voltage test | Х | Semiannually | With the battery charger disconnected, load test the batteries following the manufacturer's recommendations. Verify the voltage level does not fall below the levels specified. Load testing can be by means of an artificial load equal to the full fire alarm load connected to the battery. Verify the float voltage for the entire battery is 1.42 volts per cell, nominal, under load. If possible, measure cells individually. |

| Component | Initial | Periodic | Mothod |
|---|------------|------------------|--|
| component | Acceptance | <u>Frequency</u> | Method |
| (c) Sealed lead- acid type | | | |
| (1) Battery replacement | Х | Annually | Replace batteries in accordance with the recommendations of the alarm equipment manufacturer or when the recharged battery voltage or current falls below the manufacturer's recommendations. |
| (2) Charger test | Х | Annually | With the batteries fully charged and connected to the charger, measure the voltage across the batteries with a voltmeter. Verify the voltage is 2.30 volts per cell ± 0.02 volts at 77°F (25°C) or as specified by the equipment manufacturer. |
| (3) Discharge test | Х | Annually | With the battery charger disconnected, load test the batteries following the manufacturer's recommendations. Verify the voltage level does not fall below the levels specified. Load testing can be by means of an artificial load equal to the full fire alarm load connected to the battery. |
| (4) Load voltage test | х | Semiannually | Verify the battery performs under load, in accordance with the battery manufacturer's specifications. |
| Public emergency 10. alarm reporting system — wired system | Х | Daily | Manual tests of the power supply for public reporting circuits shall be made and recorded at least once during each 24-hour period. Such tests shall include the following: |
| | | | (1) Current strength of each circuit.Changes in current of any circuit exceeding 10 percent shall be investigated immediately. |
| | | | (2) Voltage across terminals of each circuit inside of terminals of protective devices. Changes in voltage of any circuit exceeding 10 percent shall be investigated immediately. |
| | | | (3) ^e Voltage between ground and circuits. If this test shows a reading in excess of 50 percent of that shown in the test specified in (2), the trouble shall be immediately located and cleared. Readings in excess of 25 percent shall be given early attention. These readings shall be taken with a calibrated voltmeter of not more than 100 ohms resistance per volt. Systems in which each circuit is supplied by an independent current source (Forms 3 and 4) require tests between ground and each side of each circuit. Common current source systems (Form 2) require voltage tests between ground and each terminal of each battery and other current source. |

| ſ | Component | Initial | <u>Periodic</u> | Method |
|-----------------|----------------------|------------|-----------------|--|
| <u> </u> | <u>zomponem</u> | Acceptance | Frequency | method |
| | | | | (4) Ground current reading shall be permitted in lieu of (3). If this method of testing is used, all grounds showing a current reading in excess of 5 percent of the supplied line current shall be given immediate attention. |
| | | | | (5) Voltage across terminals of common battery on switchboard side of fuses. |
| | | | | (6) Voltage between common battery terminals and ground. Abnormal ground readings shall be investigated immediately. |
| | | | | Tests specified in (5) and (6) shall apply only to those systems using a common battery. If more than one common battery is used, each common battery shall be tested. |
| 11. Rem annu | note unciators | Х | Annually | Verify the correct operation and identification of annunciators. If provided, verify the correct operation of annunciator under a fault condition. |
| 12. Res | erved | | | |
| 13. Res | erved | | | |
| 14. Res | erved | | | |
| 15. Con meta | ductors — allic | | | |
| (a volta |) Stray age | Х | N/A | Test all installation conductors with a volt/ohmmeter to verify that there are no stray (unwanted) voltages between installation conductors or between installation conductors and ground. Verify the maximum allowable stray voltage does not exceed 1 volt ac/dc, unless a different threshold is specified in the published manufacturer's instructions for the installed equipment. |
| (b fault |) Ground s | Х | N/A | Test all installation conductors, other than those intentionally and permanently grounded, for isolation from ground per the installed equipment manufacturer's published instructions. |
| (c fault |) Short-circuit s | х | N/A | Test all installation conductors, other than those intentionally connected together, for conductor-to-conductor isolation per the published manufacturer's instructions for the installed equipment. Also test these same circuits conductor-to-ground. |
| (d resis | l) Loop stance | Х | N/A | With each initiating and indicating circuit installation conductor pair short-circuited at the far end, measure and record the resistance of each circuit. Verify that the loop resistance does not exceed the limits specified in the published manufacturer's instructions for the installed equipment. |

| Component | Initial | Periodic | Method |
|---|------------|------------------|--|
| component | Acceptance | <u>Frequency</u> | Method |
| (e) Circuit integrity | Х | N/A | For initial and reacceptance testing, confirm the introduction of a fault in any circuit monitored for integrity results in a trouble indication at the fire alarm control unit. Oper one connection at not less than 10 percent of the initiating devices, notification appliances and controlled devices on every initiating device circuit, notification appliance circuit, and signaling line circuit. Confirm all circuits perform as indicated in Sections 23.5, 23.6, and 23.7. |
| | N/A | Annually | For periodic testing, test each initiating device circuit, notification appliance circuit, and signaling line circuit for correct indication at the control unit. Confirm all circuits perform as indicated in Sections 23.5, 23.6, and 23.7. |
| 16. Conductors — | | | |
| (a) Fiber optics | Х | N/A | Test the fiber-optic transmission line by the use of an optical power meter or by an optical time domain reflectometer used to measure the relative power loss of the line. Test result data must meet or exceed ANSI/TIA 568-C.3, <i>Optical Fiber Cabling</i> <i>Components Standard</i> , related to fiber-optic lines and connection/splice losses and the control unit manufacturer's published specifications. |
| (b) Circuit integrity | Х | N/A | For initial and reacceptance testing, confirm the introduction of a fault in any circuit monitored for integrity results in a trouble indication at the fire alarm control unit. Ope one connection at not less than 10 percent of the initiating devices, notification appliances, and controlled devices on every initiating device circuit, notification appliance circuit, and signaling line circuit. Confirm all circuits perform as indicated in Sections 23.5, 23.6, and 23.7. |
| | N/A | Annually | For periodic testing, test each initiating device circuit, notification appliance circuit, and signaling line circuit for correct indication at the control unit. Confirm all circuits perform as indicated in Sections 23.5, 23.6, and 23.7. |
| 17. Initiating devices ^f (a) Electromechanical releasing device | | | Verify correct operation by removal of the |
| Nonrestorable- type link | Х | Annually | fusible link and operation of the associated device. Lubricate any moving parts as necessary. |

| Component | <u>Initial</u> | Periodic | Mathad |
|--|----------------|-------------------------------|---|
| component | Acceptance | <u>Frequency</u> | Method |
| (2) Restorable-type link ^g | Х | Annually | Verify correct operation by removal of the fusible link and operation of the associated device. Lubricate any moving parts as necessary. |
| (b) Fire extinguishing system(s) or suppression system(s) alarm switch | × | Annually | Operate the switch mechanically or electrically and verify receipt of signal by the fire alarm control unit. |
| (c) Fire–gas and other detectors (d) Heat | Х | Annually | Test fire–gas detectors and other fire detectors as prescribed by the manufacturer and as necessary for the application. |
| detectors (1) Fixed- temperature, rate- of-rise, rate of compensation, restorable line, spot type (excluding pneumatic tube type) | Х | Annually (see 14.4.4.5) | Perform heat test with a listed and labeled heat source or in accordance with the manufacturer's published instructions. Assure that the test method for the installed equipment does not damage the nonrestorable fixed-temperature element of a combination rate-of-rise/fixed-temperature element detector. |
| (2) Fixed- temperature, nonrestorable line type | Х | Annually | Do not perform heat test. Test functionality mechanically and electrically. Measure and record loop resistance. Investigate changes from acceptance test. |
| (3) Fixed- temperature, nonrestorable spot type | Х | See Method | After 15 years from initial installation, replace all devices or have 2 detectors per 100 laboratory tested. Replace the 2 detectors with new devices. If a failure occurs on any of the detectors removed, remove and test additional detectors to determine either a general problem involving faulty detectors or a localized problem involving 1 or 2 defective detectors. If detectors are tested instead of replaced, repeat tests at intervals of 5 years. |
| (4) Nonrestorable (general) | Х | Annually | Do not perform heat tests. Test functionality mechanically and electrically. |
| (5) Restorable line type, pneumatic tube only | х | Annually | Perform heat tests (where test chambers are in circuit), with a listed and labeled heat source or in accordance with the manufacturer's published instructions of the detector or conduct a test with pressure pump. |
| (6) Single- and multiple- station heat alarms | Х | Annually | Conduct functional tests according to manufacturer's published instructions. Do not test nonrestorable heat detectors with heat. |

| Component | <u>Initial</u> | <u>Periodic</u> | Method |
|---|----------------|-----------------|--|
| <u>component</u> | Acceptance | Frequency | Method |
| (e) Manual fire alarm boxes | Х | Annually | Operate manual fire alarm boxes per the manufacturer's published instructions. Test both key-operated presignal and general alarm manual fire alarm boxes. |
| (f) Radiant energy fire detectors | Х | Semiannually | Test flame detectors and spark/ember detectors in accordance with the manufacturer's published instructions to determine that each detector is operative. |
| | | | Determine flame detector and spark/ember detector sensitivity using any of the following: |
| | | | (1) Calibrated test method |
| | | | (2) Manufacturer's calibrated sensitivity test instrument |
| | | | (3) Listed control unit arranged for the purpose |
| | | | (4) Other approved calibrated sensitivity test method that is directly proportional to the input signal from a fire, consistent with the detector listing or approval |
| | | | If designed to be field adjustable, replace detectors found to be outside of the approved range of sensitivity or adjust to bring them into the approved range. |
| | | | Do not determine flame detector and spark/ember detector sensitivity using a light source that administers an unmeasured quantity of radiation at an undefined distance from the detector. |
| (g) Smoke detectors — functional test | | | |
| (1) In other than one- and two-family dwellings, system detectors | Х | Annually | ^h Test smoke detectors in place to ensure smoke entry into the sensing chamber and an alarm response. Use smoke or a listed and labeled product acceptable to the manufacturer or in accordance with their published instructions. Other methods listed in the manufacturer's published instructions that ensure smoke entry from the protected area, through the vents, into the sensing chamber can be used. |
| (2) Single- and multiple- station smoke alarms connected to protected premises systems | Х | Annually | Perform a functional test on all single- and multiple-station smoke alarms connected to a protected premises fire alarm system by putting the smoke alarm into an alarm condition and verifying that the protected premises system receives a supervisory signal and does not cause a fire alarm signal. |

| | Initial | Periodic | |
|--|----------------|------------------|---|
| <u>Component</u> | Acceptance | <u>Frequency</u> | Method |
| (3) System smoke detectors used in one- and two-family dwellings | Х | Annually | Conduct functional tests according to manufacturer's published instructions. |
| (4) Air sampling | Х | Annually | Test with smoke or a listed and labeled product acceptable to the manufacturer or in accordance with their published instructions. Test from the end sampling port or point on each pipe run. Verify airflow through all other ports or points. |
| (5) Duct type | х | Annually | In addition to the testing required in Table 14.4.3.2(g)(1) and Table 14.4.3.2(h), test duct smoke detectors that use sampling tubes to ensure that they will properly sample the airstream in the duct using a method acceptable to the manufacturer or in accordance with their published instructions. |
| (6) Projected beam type | Х | Annually | Test the detector by introducing smoke, other aerosol, or an optical filter into the beam path. |
| (7) Smoke detector with built- in thermal element | Х | Annually | Operate both portions of the detector independently as described for the respective devices. |
| (8) Smoke detectors with control output functions | Х | Annually | Verify that the control capability remains operable even if all of the initiating devices connected to the same initiating device circuit or signaling line circuit are in an alarm state |
| (h) Smoke detectors — sensitivity testing In other than one- and two- family dwellings, system detectors | N/A | See 14.4.4.3 | ⁱ Perform any of the following tests to ensure that each smoke detector is within its listed and marked sensitivity range: |
| - | | | (1) Calibrated test method |
| | | | (2) Manufacturer's calibrated sensitivity test instrument |
| | | | (3) Listed control equipment arranged for the purpose |
| | | | (4) Smoke detector/control unit arrangement whereby the detector causes a signal at the control unit when its sensitivity is outside its listed sensitivity range |
| | | | (5) Other calibrated sensitivity test method approved by the authority having jurisdiction |
| (i) Carbon monoxide detectors/carbon monoxide alarms for the purposes of fire detection | х | Annually | Test the devices in place to ensure CO entry to the sensing chamber by introduction through the vents, to the sensing chamber of listed and labeled product acceptable to the manufacturer or in accordance with their published instructions. |

| Component | Initial | <u>Periodic</u> | Method |
|--|------------|------------------|--|
| Component | Acceptance | <u>Frequency</u> | <u>INGUIOU</u> |
| (j) Initiating devices, supervisory | | | |
| (1) Control valve switch | х | Semiannual | Operate valve and verify signal receipt to be within the first two revolutions of the handwheel or within one-fifth of the travel distance, or per the manufacturer's published instructions. |
| (2) High- or low-air pressure switch | Х | Annually | Operate switch and verify receipt of signal is obtained where the required pressure is increased or decreased a maximum 10 psi (70 kPa) from the required pressure level. |
| (3) Room temperature switch | Х | Annually | Operate switch and verify receipt of signal to indicate the decrease in room temperature to 40° F (4.4°C) and its restoration to above 40° F (4.4°C). |
| (4) Water level switch | х | Annually | Operate switch and verify receipt of signal indicating the water level raised or lowered a maximum 3 in. (70 mm) from the required level within a pressure tank, or a maximum 12 in. (300 mm) from the required level of a nonpressure tank. Also verify its restoral to required level. |
| (5) Water temperature switch | Х | Annually | Operate switch and verify receipt of signal to indicate the decrease in water temperature to 40° F (4.4°C) and its restoration to above 40° F (4.4°C). |
| (k) Mechanical, electrosonic, or pressure-type waterflow device | х | Semiannually | Water shall be flowed through an inspector's test connection indicating the flow of water equal to that from a single sprinkler of the smallest orifice size installed in the system for wet-pipe systems, or an alarm test bypass connection for dry-pipe, pre-action, or deluge systems in accordance with NFPA 25. |
| (I) Multi-sensor fire detector or multi-criteria fire detector or combination fire detector | х | Annually | Test each of the detection principles present within the detector (e.g., smoke/heat/CO, etc.) independently for the specific detection principle, regardless of the configuration status at the time of testing. Also test each detector in accordance with the published manufacturer's instructions. |
| | | | Test individual sensors together if the technology allows individual sensor responses to be verified. |
| | | | Perform tests as described for the respective devices by introduction of the physical phenomena to the sensing chamber of element. An electronic check (magnets, analog values, etc.) is not sufficient to comply with this requirement. |
| | | | |

| | <u>Initial</u> | Periodic | |
|---|----------------|-----------|---|
| <u>Component</u> | Accontonco | Eroquonov | Method |
| | Acceptance | Frequency | |
| | | | Verify by using the detector manufacturer's published instructions that the test gas used will not impair the operation of either sensing chamber of a multisensor, multicriteria, or combination fire detector. |
| | | | Confirm the result of each sensor test through indication at the detector or control unit. |
| | | | Where individual sensors cannot be tested |
| | | | individually, test the primary sensor. ^j |
| | | | Record all tests and results. |
| 18. Special hazard equipment | | | |
| (a) Abort switch (dead-man type) | Х | Annually | Operate abort switch and verify correct sequence and operation. |
| (b) Abort switch (recycle type) | Х | Annually | Operate abort switch and verify development of correct matrix with each sensor operated. |
| (c) Abort switch (special type) | х | Annually | Operate abort switch and verify correct sequence and operation in accordance with authority having jurisdiction. Observe sequencing as specified on as-built drawings or in system owner's manual. |
| (d) Cross-zone detection circuit | Х | Annually | Operate one sensor or detector on each zone. Verify occurrence of correct sequence with operation of first zone and then with operation of second zone. |
| (e) Matrix-type circuit | Х | Annually | Operate all sensors in system. Verify development of correct matrix with each sensor operated. |
| (f) Release solenoid circuit ^k | Х | Annually | Verify operation of solenoid. |
| (g) Squibb release circuit | Х | Annually | Use AGI flashbulb or other test light approved by the manufacturer. Verify operation of flashbulb or light. |
| (h) Verified, sequential, or counting zone circuit | Х | Annually | Operate required sensors at a minimum of four locations in circuit. Verify correct sequence with both the first and second detector in alarm. |
| (i) All above devices or circuits or combinations thereof | Х | Annually | Verify supervision of circuits by creating an open circuit. |
| 19. Combination systems | | | |
| (a) Fire extinguisher electronic monitoring device/system | Х | Annually | Test communication between the device connecting the fire extinguisher electronic monitoring device/system and the fire alarm control unit to ensure proper signals are received at the fire alarm control unit and remote annunciator(s) if applicable. |

| Component | <u>Initial</u> | Periodic | Method |
|--|----------------|------------------|---|
| <u>component</u> | Acceptance | <u>Frequency</u> | Method |
| (b) Carbon monoxide ^l device/system | Х | Annually | Test communication between the device connecting the carbon monoxide device/system and the fire alarm control un to ensure proper signals are received at the fire alarm control unit and remote annunciator(s) if applicable. |
| o. Interface equipment ^m | Х | See 14.4.4.4 | Test interface equipment connections by operating or simulating the equipment bein supervised. Verify signals required to be transmitted are received at the control unit. Test frequency for interface equipment is th same as the frequency required by the applicable NFPA standard(s) for the equipment being supervised. |
| 1. Guard's tour equipment | х | Annually | Test the device in accordance with the manufacturer's published instructions. |
| 2. Alarm notification appliances | | | |
| (a) Audible ⁿ | Х | N/A | For initial and reacceptance testing, measure sound pressure levels for signals with a sound level meter meeting ANSI S1.4a, <i>Specifications for Sound Level</i> <i>Meters</i> , Type 2 requirements. Measure sound pressure levels throughout the protected area to confirm that they are in compliance with Chapter 18. Set the sound level meter in accordance with ANSI S3.41 <i>American National Standard Audible</i> <i>Evacuation Signal</i> , using the time-weighted characteristic F (FAST). |
| | N/A | Annually | ^O For periodic testing, verify the operation o the notification appliances. |
| (b) Audible textual notification appliances (speakers and other appliances to convey voice messages) | Х | N/A | For initial and reacceptance testing, measure sound pressure levels for signals with a sound level meter meeting ANSI S1.4a, <i>Specifications for Sound Level</i> <i>Meters</i> , Type 2 requirements. Measure sound pressure levels throughout the protected area to confirm that they are in compliance with Chapter 18. Set the sound level meter in accordance with ANSI S3.41 <i>American National Standard Audible</i> <i>Evacuation Signal</i> , using the time-weighted characteristic F (FAST). Verify audible information to be distinguishable and understandable and in compliance with 14.4.11. |
| | N/A | Annually | ^o For periodic testing, verify the operation o |

| | <u>component</u> | Accontance | Froquenes | <u>Methoa</u> |
|-----|--|------------|------------------|---|
| | | Acceptance | <u>Frequency</u> | Destance initial and as a second as a faction in |
| | (c) Visible | Х | N/A | Perform initial and reacceptance testing in accordance with the manufacturer's published instructions. Verify appliance locations to be per approved layout and confirm that no floor plan changes affect the approved layout. Verify that the candela rating marking agrees with the approved drawing. Confirm that each appliance flashes. |
| | | N/A | Annually | For periodic testing, verify that each appliance flashes. |
| 23. | Exit marking audible notification appliance | х | Annually | Perform tests in accordance with manufacturer's published instructions. |
| 24. | Emergency control functions ^p | Х | Annually | For initial, reacceptance, and periodic testing, verify emergency control function interface device activation. Where an emergency control function interface device is disabled or disconnected during initiating device testing, verify that the disabled or disconnected emergency control function interface device has been properly restored |
| 25. | Area of refuge two-way communication system | Х | Annually | Use the manufacturer's published instructions and the as-built drawings provided by the system supplier to verify correct operation after the initial testing phase has been performed by the supplier or by the supplier's designated representative. |
| | | | | Test the two-way communication system to verify operation and receipt of visual and audible signals at the transmitting unit and the receiving unit, respectively. |
| | | | | Operate systems with more than five stations with a minimum of five stations operating simultaneously. |
| | | | | Verify voice quality and clarity. |
| | | | | verify directions for the use of the two-way communication system, instructions for summoning assistance via the two-way communication system, and written identification of the location is posted adjacent to the two-way communication system. |
| | | | | Verify that all remote stations are readily accessible. |
| | | | | Verify the timed automatic communications capability to connect with a constantly attended monitoring location per 24 5 3 4 |

| | <u>Initial</u> | Periodic | |
|---|----------------|-----------|---|
| <u>Component</u> | Acceptance | Frequency | Method |
| (a) Alarm verification | X | Annually | Verify time delay and alarm response for smoke detector circuits identified as having alarm verification. |
| (b) Multiplex systems | Х | Annually | Verify communications between sending and receiving units under both primary and secondary power. |
| | | | Verify communications between sending and receiving units under open-circuit and short-circuit trouble conditions. |
| | | | Verify communications between sending and receiving units in all directions where multiple communications pathways are provided. |
| | | | If redundant central control equipment is provided, verify switchover and all required functions and operations of secondary control equipment. |
| | | | Verify all system functions and features in accordance with manufacturer's published instructions. |
| Supervising station alarm 27. systems — receiving equipment | | | |
| (a) All equipment | х | Monthly | Perform tests on all system functions and features in accordance with the equipment manufacturer's published instructions for correct operation in conformance with the applicable sections of Chapter 26. |
| | | | Actuate initiating device and verify receipt of the correct initiating device signal at the supervising station within 90 seconds. Upon completion of the test, restore the system to its functional operating condition. |
| | | | If test jacks are used, perform the first and last tests without the use of the test jack. |
| (b) Digital alarm communicator receiver (DACR) | Х | Monthly | Disconnect each transmission means in turn from the DACR, and verify audible and visual annunciation of a trouble signal in the supervising station. |
| | | | Cause a signal to be transmitted on each individual incoming DACR line (path) at least once every 6 hours (24 hours for DACTs installed prior to adoption of the 2013 edition of <i>NFPA</i> 72). Verify receipt of these signals. |
| (c) Digital alarm radio receiver (DARR) | Х | Monthly | Cause the following conditions of all DARRs on all subsidiary and repeater station receiving equipment. Verify receipt at the supervising station of correct signals for each of the following conditions: |
| | | | (1) AC power failure of the radio equipment(2) Receiver malfunction |

| Component | Initial | Periodic | Method |
|--|------------|------------------|--|
| <u>component</u> | Acceptance | <u>Frequency</u> | Method |
| | | | (3) Antenna and interconnecting cable failure |
| | | | (4) Indication of automatic switchover of the DARR |
| | | | (5) Data transmission line failure between the DARR and the supervising or subsidiary station |
| (d) McCulloh systems | Х | Monthly | Test and record the current on each circuit at each supervising and subsidiary station under the following conditions: |
| | | | (1) During functional operation |
| | | | (2) On each side of the circuit with the receiving equipment conditioned for an open circuit |
| | | | Cause a single break or ground condition or each transmission channel. If such a fault prevents the functioning of the circuit, verify receipt of a trouble signal. |
| | | | Cause each of the following conditions at each of the supervising or subsidiary stations and all repeater station radio transmitting and receiving equipment; verify receipt of correct signals at the supervising station: |
| | | | (1) RF transmitter in use (radiating) |
| | | | (2) AC power failure supplying the radio equipment |
| | | | (3) RF receiver malfunction |
| (a) Dadia alarm | | | (4) Indication of automatic switchover |
| (e) Radio alarm supervising station receiver (RASSR) and radio alarm repeater station receiver (RARSR) | Х | Monthly | Cause each of the following conditions at each of the supervising or subsidiary stations and all repeater station radio transmitting and receiving equipment; verify receipt of correct signals at the supervising station: |
| | | | (1) AC power failure supplying the radio equipment |
| | | | (2) RF receiver malfunction |
| | | | (3) Indication of automatic switchover, if applicable |
| (f) Private microwave radio systems | Х | Monthly | Cause each of the following conditions at each of the supervising or subsidiary stations and all repeater station radio transmitting and receiving equipment; verify receipt of correct signals at the supervising station: |
| | | | (1) RF transmitter in use (radiating)(2) AC power failure supplying the radio |
| | | | equipment |
| | | | (3) RF receiver malfunction(4) Indication of automatic switcheyer |
| | | | (+) mulcation of automatic switchover |

| Component | <u>Initial</u> | Periodic | Method |
|--|----------------|------------------|---|
| component | Acceptance | <u>Frequency</u> | <u>Method</u> |
| | | | Perform tests to ensure the monitoring of integrity of the transmission technology and technology path. |
| (g) Performance- based technologies | Х | Monthly | Where a single communications path is used, disconnect the communication path. Verify that failure of the path is annunciated at the supervising station within 60 minutes of the failure (within 5 minutes for communication equipment installed prior to adoption of the 2013 edition of <i>NFPA 72</i>). Restore the communication path. |
| J | | | Where multiple communication paths are used, disconnect both communication paths and confirm that failure of the path is annunciated at the supervising station within not more than 6 hours of the failure (within 24 hours for communication equipment installed prior to adoption of the 2013 edition of <i>NFPA 72</i>). Restore both communication paths. |
| Public emergency alarm reporting 28. system transmission equipment | | | |
| (a) Publicly accessible alarm box | Х | Semiannually | Actuate publicly accessible initiating device(s) and verify receipt of not less than three complete rounds of signal impulses. Perform this test under normal circuit conditions. If the device is equipped for open circuit operation (ground return), test in this condition as one of the semiannual tests. |
| (b) Auxiliary box | Х | Annually | Test each initiating circuit of the auxiliary box by actuation of a protected premises initiating device connected to that circuit. Verify receipt of not less than three complete rounds of signal impulses. |
| (c) Master box (1) Manual operation | х | Semiannually | Perform the tests prescribed for 28(a). |
| (2) Auxiliary operation | Х | Annually | Perform the tests prescribed for 28(b). |
| Low-power radio 29. (wireless systems) | х | N/A | The following procedures describe additional acceptance and reacceptance test methods to verify wireless protection |

| Component | Initial | Periodic | Mothod |
|------------------------------------|------------|-----------|--|
| <u>component</u> | Acceptance | Frequency | Method |
| | | | (1) Use the manufacturer's published instructions and the as-built drawings provided by the system supplier to verify correct operation after the initial testing phase has been performed by the supplier or by the supplier's designated representative. |
| | | | (2) Starting from the functional operating condition, initialize the system in accordance with the manufacturer's published instructions. Confirm the alternative communications path exists between the wireless control unit and peripheral devices used to establish initiation, indication, control, and annunciation. Test the system for both alarm and trouble conditions. |
| | | | (3) Check batteries for all components in the system monthly unless the control unit checks all batteries and all components daily. |
| 30. Mass notification | | | |
| (a) Functions | Х | Annually | At a minimum, test control equipment to verify correct receipt of alarm, supervisory, and trouble signals (inputs); operation of evacuation signals and auxiliary functions (outputs); circuit supervision, including detection of open circuits and ground faults; and power supply supervision for detection of loss of ac power and disconnection of secondary batteries. |
| (b) Fuses | Х | Annually | Verify the rating and supervision. |
| (c) Interfaced equipment | х | Annually | Verity integrity of single or multiple circuits providing interface between two or more control units. Test interfaced equipment connections by operating or simulating operation of the equipment being supervised. Verify signals required to be transmitted at the control unit. |
| (d) Lamps and LEDs | Х | Annually | Illuminate lamps and LEDs. |
| (e) Primary (main) power supply | х | Annually | Disconnect all secondary (standby) power and test under maximum load, including all alarm appliances requiring simultaneous operation. Reconnect all secondary (standby) power at end of test. For redundant power supplies, test each separately. |
| | | | |

| • | Initial | Periodic | |
|--|----------------|-----------------|---|
| Component | Acceptance | Frequency | Method |
| (f) Audible textual notification appliances (speakers and other appliances to convey voice messages) | x | Annually | Measure sound pressure level with a sound level meter meeting ANSI S1.4a, <i>Specifications for Sound Level Meters</i> , Type 2 requirements. Measure and record levels throughout protected area. Set the sound level meter in accordance with ANSI S3.41, <i>American National Standard Audible</i> <i>Evacuation Signal</i> , using the time-weighted characteristic F (FAST). Record the maximum output when the audible emergency evacuation signal is on. |
| (g) Visible | Х | Annually | Verify audible information to be distinguishable and understandable. Perform test in accordance with manufacturer's published instructions. Verify appliance locations to be per approved layout and confirm that no floor plan changes affect the approved layout. Verify that the candela rating marking agrees with the approved drawing. Confirm that each appliance flashes. |
| (h) Control unit functions and no diagnostic failures are indicated | Х | Annually | Review event log file and verify that the correct events were logged. Review system diagnostic log file; correct deficiencies note in file. Delete unneeded log files. Delete unneeded error files. Verify that sufficient free disk space is available. Verify unobstructed flow of cooling air is available Change/clean filters, cooling fans, and intake vents. |
| (i) Control unit reset | Х | Annually | Power down the central control unit computer and restart it. |
| (j) Control unit security | Х | Annually | If remote control software is loaded onto the system, verify that it is disabled to prevent unauthorized system access. |
| (k) Audible/visible functional test | Х | Annually | Send out an alert to a diverse set of predesignated receiving devices and confirm receipt. Include at least one of each type of receiving device. |
| (I) Software backup | х | Annually | Make full system software backup. Rotate backups based on accepted practice at site |
| (m) Secondary power test | Х | Annually | Disconnect ac power. Verify the ac power failure alarm status on central control equipment. With ac power disconnected, verify battery voltage under load. |
| (n) Wireless signals | Х | Annually | Check forward/reflected radio power is within specifications. |
| (o) Antenna | Х | Annually | Check forward/reflected radio power is within specifications. Verify solid electrical connections with no observable corrosion. |
| (p) Transceivers | Х | Annually | Verify proper operation and mounting is not compromised. |

^aSome transmission equipment (such as but not limited to cable modems, fiber-optic interface nodes, and VoIP interfaces) are typically powered by the building's electrical system using a

| intendec | I to ensure that the testing authority verifies full secondary (standby) power as requ |
|--|---|
| by Chap | ter 10. Additionally, refer to Table 14.4.3.2, items 7 through 9, for secondary (stand |
| power si | upply testing. |
| ^b The au occur. | tomatic transmission of the check-in (handshake) signal can take up to 60 minutes |
| ^c See Ta | ble 14.4.3.2, Item 4(a) for the testing of transmission equipment. |
| d _{Examp} | le: 4000 mAh × ½₅ = 160 mA charging current at 77°F (25°C). |
| ^e The vo | Itmeter sensitivity has been changed from 1000 ohms per volt to 100 ohms per volt |
| that the | false ground readings (caused by induced voltages) are minimized. |
| ^f Initiating | g devices such as smoke detectors used for elevator recall, closing dampers, or |
| releasing | g doors held in the open position that are permitted by the Code <i>(see</i> NFPA <i>1019.6</i> |
| to initiate | e supervisory signals at the fire alarm control unit (FACU) should be tested at the sa |
| frequence | cy (annual) as those devices when they are generating an alarm signal. They are no |
| supervis | ory devices, but they initiate a supervisory signal at the FACU. |
| ^g Fusible | thermal link detectors are commonly used to close fire doors and fire dampers. Th |
| are actu | ated by the presence of external heat, which causes a solder element in the link to |
| or by an | electric thermal device, which, when energized, generates heat within the body of |
| link, cau | sing the link to fuse and separate. |
| ^h Note, it from an detector | is customary for the manufacturer of the smoke detector to test a particular product aerosol provider to determine acceptability for use in smoke entry testing of their smoke alarm. Magnets are not acceptable for smoke entry tests. |
| ⁱ There a | are some detectors that use magnets as a manufacturer's calibrated sensitivity test |
| instrume | ent. |
| ^j For exa | mple, it might not be possible to individually test the heat sensor in a thermally |
| enhance | ed smoke detector. |
| ^k Manufa supprese Plan of 1 | acturer's instructions should be consulted to ensure a proper operational test. No sion gas or agent is expected to be discharged during the test of the solenoid. See 14.2.10. |
| ^I Testing | of CO device should be done to the requirements of NFPA 720. |
| ^m A mon | itor module installed on an interface device is not considered a supervisory device |
| therefore | e not subject to the quarterly testing frequency requirement. Test frequencies for |
| interface | e devices should be in accordance with the applicable standard. For example, fire p |
| controlle | er alarms such as phase reversal are required to be tested annually. If a monitor mo |
| is installe | ed to identify phase reversal on the fire alarm control panel, it is not necessary to te |
| for phas | e reversal four times a year. |
| ⁿ Chapte | er 18 would require 15 dB over average ambient sound for public mode spaces. |
| Sometin | Thes the ambient sound levels are different from what the design was based upon. |
| Private o | Operating mode would require 10 dB over average ambient at the location of the de |
| ^O Where | building, system, or occupancy changes have been observed, the owner should be |
| notified o | of the changes. New devices might need to be installed and tested per the initial |
| acceptai | nce testing criteria. |
| ^p See A. | 14.4.3.2. and Table 14.4.3.2. Item 24. |

Transfer switches are essential parts of the backup system and should be identified as such. We find that it is much easier to test a generator than a transfer switch because of the disruption transfer switch

| operation car | n cause occupants. |
|--|--|
| Submitter Info | ormation Verification |
| Submitter Fu Name: | III Michael Anthony |
| Organizatior | : University of Michigan |
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| State: | |
| Zip: | |
| Submittal Da | te: Wed Jun 29 16:14:07 EDT 2016 |
| Committee St | atement |
| Resolution: | FR-4534-NFPA 72-2016 |
| Statement: | The Technical Committee makes multiple changes to this table under guidance from the Correlating Committee, to increase clarity of requirements and to include new battery technologies. |
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14.4.3.2*

Systems and associated equipment shall be tested according to Table 14.4.3.2.

Table 14.4.3.2 Testing

| | <u>Component</u> | <u>Initial</u> | <u>Periodic</u> | Method |
|----|--|----------------|------------------|--|
| | | Acceptance | <u>Frequency</u> | moniou |
| ۱. | All equipment | Х | | See Table 14.3.1. |
| 2. | Control equipment and transponder | | | |
| | (a) Functions | х | Annually | Verify correct receipt of alarm, supervisory, and trouble signals (inputs); operation of evacuation signals and auxiliary functions (outputs); circuit supervision, including detection of open circuits and ground faults and power supply supervision for detection of loss of ac power and disconnection of secondary batteries. |
| | (b) Fuses | Х | Annually | Verify rating and supervision. |
| | (c) Interfaced equipment | х | Annually | Verify integrity of single or multiple circuits providing interface between two or more control units. Test interfaced equipment connections by operating or simulating operation of the equipment being supervised. Verify signals required to be transmitted at the control unit. |
| | (d) Lamps and LEDs | Х | Annually | Illuminate lamps and LEDs. |
| | (e) Primary (main) power supply | х | Annually | Test under maximum load, including all alarm appliances requiring simultaneous operation. Test redundant power supplies separately. |
| 3. | Fire alarm control unit trouble signals | | | |
| | (a) Audible and visual | Х | Annually | Verify operation of control unit trouble signals. Verify ring-back feature for systems using a trouble-silencing switch that requires resetting. |
| | (b) Disconnect switches | x | Annually | If control unit has disconnect or isolating switches, verify performance of intended function of each switch. Verify receipt of trouble signal when a supervised function is disconnected. |
| | (c) Ground-fault monitoring circuit | Х | Annually | If the system has a ground detection feature, verify the occurrence of ground- fault indication whenever any installation conductor is grounded. |
| | (d) Transmission of signals to off- premises location | Х | Annually | Actuate an initiating device and verify receipt of alarm signal at the off-premises location. |
| | | | | Create a trouble condition and verify receip of a trouble signal at the off-premises location. |

| Component | <u>Initial</u> | <u>Periodic</u> | Method |
|--|----------------|------------------|---|
| <u>component</u> | Acceptance | <u>Frequency</u> | mentou |
| | | | Actuate a supervisory device and verify receipt of a supervisory signal at the off- premises location. If a transmission carrier is capable of operation under a single- or multiple-fault condition, activate an initiatin device during such fault condition and verif receipt of an alarm signal and a trouble signal at the off-premises location. |
| Supervising station alarm . systems — transmission equipment | | | |
| (a) All equipment | х | Annually | ^a Test all system functions and features in accordance with the equipment manufacturer's published instructions for correct operation in conformance with the applicable sections of Chapter 26. |
| | | | Except for DACT, actuate initiating device and verify receipt of the correct initiating device signal at the supervising station within 90 seconds. Upon completion of the test, restore the system to its functional operating condition. |
| (b) Digital alarm | ı | | If test jacks are used, conduct the first and last tests without the use of the test jack. Except for DACTs installed prior to adoptio of the 2013 edition of NFPA 72 that are connected to a telephone line (number) that |
| transmitter (DACT) | Х | Annually | is also supervised for adverse conditions b a derived local channel, ensure connection of the DACT to two separate means of transmission. |
| | | | Test DACT for line seizure capability by initiating a signal while using the telephone line (primary line for DACTs using two telephone lines) for a telephone call. Ensur- that the call is interrupted and that the communicator connects to the digital alarm receiver. Verify receipt of the correct signal |

| Component | <u>Initial</u> | <u>Periodic</u> | Mothod |
|--|----------------|------------------|---|
| <u>component</u> | Acceptance | <u>Frequency</u> | Method |
| | | | Disconnect the telephone line (primary line for DACTs using two telephone lines) from the DACT. Verify indication of the DACT trouble signal occurs at the premises fire alarm control unit within 4 minutes of detection of the fault. Verify receipt of the telephone line trouble signal at the supervising station. Restore the telephone line (primary line for DACTs using two telephone lines), reset the fire alarm contro unit, and verify that the telephone line fault trouble signal returns to normal. Verify that the supervising station receives the restora signal from the DACT. |
| | | | Disconnect the secondary means of transmission from the DACT. Verify indication of the DACT trouble signal occur at the premises fire alarm control unit withi 4 minutes of detection of the fault. Verify receipt of the secondary means trouble signal at the supervising station. Restore the secondary means of transmission, rese the fire alarm control unit, and verify that the trouble signal returns to normal. Verify that the supervising station receives the restora signal from the secondary transmitter. |
| | | | Cause the DACT to transmit a signal to the DACR while a fault in the telephone line (number) (primary line for DACTs using tw telephone lines) is simulated. Verify utilization of the secondary communication path by the DACT to complete the transmission to the DACR. |
| (c) Digital alarm radio transmitter (DART) | Х | Annually | Disconnect the primary telephone line. Verify transmission of a trouble signal to the supervising station by the DART occurs within 4 minutes. |
| (d) McCulloh transmitter | х | Annually | Actuate initiating device. Verify production of not less than three complete rounds of not less than three signal impulses each b the McCulloh transmitter. |
| | | | If end-to-end metallic continuity is present and with a balanced circuit, cause each of the following four transmission channel fau conditions in turn, and verify receipt of correct signals at the supervising station: (1) Open (2) Ground |

| | Component | Initial | Periodic | Method |
|----|--|------------|-----------|---|
| | | Acceptance | Frequency | metriou |
| | (e) Radio alarm transmitter (RAT) | Х | Annually | If end-to-end metallic continuity is not present and with a properly balanced circuit, cause each of the following three transmission channel fault conditions in turn, and verify receipt of correct signals at the supervising station: (1) Open (2) Ground (3) Wire-to-wire short Cause a fault between elements of the transmitting equipment. Verify indication of the fault at the protected premises, or transmission of trouble signal to the |
| | | | | supervising station. Perform tests to ensure the monitoring of integrity of the transmission technology and technology path |
| | (f) Performance- based technologies | Х | Annually | Where shared communications equipment is used as permitted by 26.6.3.1.14, provided secondary (standby) power sources shall be tested in accordance with Table 14.4.3.2, item 7, 8, or 9, as applicable. Where a single communications path is |
| | | | | used, disconnect the communication path. Manually initiate an alarm signal transmission or allow the check-in (handshake) signal to be transmitted |
| | | | | automatically. ^b Verify the premises unit annunciates the failure within 200 seconds of the transmission failure. Restore the communication path. |
| | | | | Where multiple communication paths are used, disconnect both communication paths. Manually initiate an alarm signal transmission. Verify the premises control unit annunciates the failure within 200 seconds of the transmission failure. Restore both communication paths. |
| 5. | Emergency communications equipment | | | |
| | (a) Amplifier/tone generators | Х | Annually | Verify correct switching and operation of backup equipment. |
| | (b) Call-in signal silence | Х | Annually | Operate/function and verify receipt of correct visual and audible signals at control unit. |
| | (c) Off-hook indicator (ring down) | Х | Annually | Install phone set or remove phone from hook and verify receipt of signal at control unit. |
| | (d) Phone jacks | Х | Annually | Visually inspect phone jack and initiate communications path through jack. |

| | Component | <u>Initial</u> | Periodic | Mathed |
|----|---|----------------|------------------|--|
| | <u>component</u> | Acceptance | <u>Frequency</u> | Method |
| | (e) Phone set | Х | Annually | Activate each phone set and verify correct operation. |
| | (f) System performance | Х | Annually | Operate the system with a minimum of any five handsets simultaneously. Verify voice quality and clarity. |
| 6. | Engine-driven generator | Х | Monthly | If an engine-driven generator dedicated to the system is used as a required power source, verify operation of the generator in accordance with NFPA 110 by the building owner. |
| 7. | Secondary (standby) power supply ^C | Х | Annually | Disconnect all primary (main) power supplies and verify the occurrence of required trouble indication for loss of primary power. Measure or verify the system's standby and alarm current demand and verify the ability of batteries to meet standby and alarm requirements using manufacturer's data. Operate general alarm systems a minimum of 5 minutes and emergency voice communications systems for a minimum of 15 minutes. Reconnect primary (main) power supply at end of test. |
| 8. | Uninterruptible power supply (UPS) | Х | Annually | If a UPS system dedicated to the system is used as a required power source, verify by the building owner operation of the UPS system in accordance with NFPA 111. |
| 9. | Battery tests | | | Prior to conducting any battery testing, verify by the person conducting the test, that all system software stored in volatile memory is protected from loss. |
| | (a) Lead-acid type | | | |
| | (1) Battery replacement | Х | Annually | Replace batteries in accordance with the recommendations of the alarm equipment manufacturer or when the recharged batter voltage or current falls below the manufacturer's recommendations. |
| | (2) Charger test | Х | Annually | With the batteries fully charged and connected to the charger, measure the voltage across the batteries with a voltmeter. Verify the voltage is 2.30 volts per cell ± 0.02 volts at 77°F (25°C) or as specified by the equipment manufacturer. With the battery charger disconnected load |
| | (3) Discharge test | х | Annually | test the batteries following the manufacturer's recommendations. Verify the voltage level does not fall below the levels specified. Load testing can be by means of an artificial load equal to the full fire alarm load connected to the battery. |

| Component | <u>Initial</u> | <u>Periodic</u> | Method |
|----------------------------------|----------------|------------------|---|
| <u>component</u> | Acceptance | <u>Frequency</u> | Method |
| (4) Load voltage test | Х | Semiannually | With the battery charger disconnected, loa test the batteries following the manufacturer's recommendations. Verify the voltage level does not fall below the levels specified. Load testing can be by means of an artificial load equal to the full fire alarm load connected to the battery. Verify the battery does not fall below 2.05 volts per cell under load. |
| (5) Specific gravity | Х | Semiannually | Measure as required the specific gravity of the liquid in the pilot cell or all of the cells. Verify the specific gravity is within the rang specified by the manufacturer. Although the specified specific gravity varies from manufacturer to manufacturer, a range of 1.205–1.220 is typical for regular lead-acid batteries, while 1.240–1.260 is typical for high-performance batteries. Do not use a hydrometer that shows only a pass or fail condition of the battery and does not indicate the specific gravity, because such reading does not give a true indication of the battery condition. |
| (b) Nickel- | | | |
| (1) Battery replacement | Х | Annually | Replace batteries in accordance with the recommendations of the alarm equipment manufacturer or when the recharged batter voltage or current falls below the manufacturer's recommendations. |
| (2) Charger test ^d | х | Annually | With the batteries fully charged and connected to the charger, place an amperemeter in series with the battery under charge. Verify the charging current is in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for the type of battery used. In the absence of specific informatio use $\frac{1}{30}$ to $\frac{1}{25}$ of the battery rating. |
| (3) Discharge test | Х | Annually | With the battery charger disconnected, loa test the batteries following the manufacturer's recommendations. Verify the voltage level does not fall below the levels specified. Load testing can be by means of an artificial load equal to the full fire alarm load connected to the battery. |
| (4) Load voltage test | Х | Semiannually | With the battery charger disconnected, loa test the batteries following the manufacturer's recommendations. Verify the voltage level does not fall below the levels specified. Load testing can be by means of an artificial load equal to the full fire alarm load connected to the battery. Verify the float voltage for the entire battery is 1.42 volts per cell, nominal, under load. possible, measure cells individually. |

| Component | <u>Initial</u> | Periodic | Mathad |
|---|----------------|------------------|--|
| Component | Acceptance | <u>Frequency</u> | Method |
| (c) Sealed lead- acid type | | | |
| (1) Battery replacement | х | Annually | Replace batteries in accordance with the recommendations of the alarm equipment manufacturer or when the recharged battery voltage or current falls below the manufacturer's recommendations. |
| (2) Charger test | Х | Annually | With the batteries fully charged and connected to the charger, measure the voltage across the batteries with a voltmeter. Verify the voltage is 2.30 volts per cell ±0.02 volts at 77°F (25°C) or as specified by the equipment manufacturer. |
| (3) Discharge test | Х | Annually | With the battery charger disconnected, load test the batteries following the manufacturer's recommendations. Verify the voltage level does not fall below the levels specified. Load testing can be by means of an artificial load equal to the full fire alarm load connected to the battery. |
| (4) Load voltage test | Х | Semiannually | Verify the battery performs under load, in accordance with the battery manufacturer's specifications. |
| Public emergency 10. alarm reporting system — wired system | х | Daily | Manual tests of the power supply for public reporting circuits shall be made and recorded at least once during each 24-hour period. Such tests shall include the following: |
| | | | (1) Current strength of each circuit.Changes in current of any circuit exceeding10 percent shall be investigatedimmediately. |
| | | | (2) Voltage across terminals of each circuit inside of terminals of protective devices. Changes in voltage of any circuit exceeding 10 percent shall be investigated immediately. |
| | | | (3) ^e Voltage between ground and circuits. If this test shows a reading in excess of 50 percent of that shown in the test specified in (2), the trouble shall be immediately located and cleared. Readings in excess of 25 percent shall be given early attention. These readings shall be taken with a calibrated voltmeter of not more than 100 ohms resistance per volt. Systems in which each circuit is supplied by an independent current source (Forms 3 and 4) require tests between ground and each side of each circuit. Common current source systems (Form 2) require voltage tests between ground and each terminal of |

| | Component | Initial | <u>Periodic</u> | Method |
|-----|-----------------------------|------------|------------------|--|
| | oomponent | Acceptance | <u>Frequency</u> | method |
| | | | | (4) Ground current reading shall be permitted in lieu of (3). If this method of testing is used, all grounds showing a current reading in excess of 5 percent of the supplied line current shall be given immediate attention. |
| | | | | (5) Voltage across terminals of common battery on switchboard side of fuses. |
| | | | | (6) Voltage between common battery terminals and ground. Abnormal ground readings shall be investigated immediately. |
| | | | | Tests specified in (5) and (6) shall apply only to those systems using a common battery. If more than one common battery is used, each common battery shall be tested. |
| 11. | Remote annunciators | Х | Annually | Verify the correct operation and identification of annunciators. If provided, verify the correct operation of annunciator under a fault condition. |
| 12. | Reserved | | | |
| 13. | Reserved | | | |
| 14. | Reserved | | | |
| 15. | Conductors — metallic | | | |
| | (a) Stray voltage | Х | N/A | Test all installation conductors with a volt/ohmmeter to verify that there are no stray (unwanted) voltages between installation conductors or between installation conductors and ground. Verify the maximum allowable stray voltage does not exceed 1 volt ac/dc, unless a different threshold is specified in the published manufacturer's instructions for the installed equipment. |
| | (b) Ground faults | х | N/A | Test all installation conductors, other than those intentionally and permanently grounded, for isolation from ground per the installed equipment manufacturer's published instructions. |
| | (c) Short-circuit faults | х | N/A | Test all installation conductors, other than those intentionally connected together, for conductor-to-conductor isolation per the published manufacturer's instructions for the installed equipment. Also test these same circuits conductor-to-ground. |
| | (d) Loop resistance | Х | N/A | With each initiating and indicating circuit installation conductor pair short-circuited at the far end, measure and record the resistance of each circuit. Verify that the loop resistance does not exceed the limits specified in the published manufacturer's instructions for the installed equipment. |

| Component | Initial | <u>Periodic</u> | Method |
|--|------------|------------------|---|
| Component | Acceptance | <u>Frequency</u> | MELIUU |
| (e) Circuit integrity | Х | N/A | For initial and reacceptance testing, confirm the introduction of a fault in any circuit monitored for integrity results in a trouble indication at the fire alarm control unit. Open one connection at not less than 10 percent of the initiating devices, notification appliances and controlled devices on every initiating device circuit, notification appliance circuit, and signaling line circuit. Confirm all circuits perform as indicated in Sections 23.5, 23.6, and 23.7. |
| | N/A | Annually | For periodic testing, test each initiating device circuit, notification appliance circuit, and signaling line circuit for correct indication at the control unit. Confirm all circuits perform as indicated in Sections 23.5, 23.6, and 23.7. |
| 16. Conductors — nonmetallic | | | |
| (a) Fiber optics | Х | N/A | Test the fiber-optic transmission line by the use of an optical power meter or by an optical time domain reflectometer used to measure the relative power loss of the line. Test result data must meet or exceed ANSI/TIA 568-C.3, <i>Optical Fiber Cabling</i> <i>Components Standard</i> , related to fiber-optic lines and connection/splice losses and the control unit manufacturer's published specifications. |
| (b) Circuit integrity | х | N/A | For initial and reacceptance testing, confirm the introduction of a fault in any circuit monitored for integrity results in a trouble indication at the fire alarm control unit. Open one connection at not less than 10 percent of the initiating devices, notification appliances, and controlled devices on every initiating device circuit, notification appliance circuit, and signaling line circuit. Confirm all circuits perform as indicated in Sections 23.5, 23.6, and 23.7. |
| | N/A | Annually | For periodic testing, test each initiating device circuit, notification appliance circuit, and signaling line circuit for correct indication at the control unit. Confirm all circuits perform as indicated in Sections 23.5, 23.6, and 23.7. |
| 17. Initiating devices ^f (a) Electromechanical releasing device (1) | | Appuelly | Verify correct operation by removal of the fusible link and operation of the associated |

| _ | <u>Initial</u> | Periodic | |
|--|----------------|-------------------------------|---|
| <u>Component</u> | Accentance | Frequency | Method |
| (2) Restorable-type link ^g | X | Annually | Verify correct operation by removal of the fusible link and operation of the associated device. Lubricate any moving parts as necessary. |
| (b) Fire extinguishing system(s) or suppression system(s) alarm switch | x | Annually | Operate the switch mechanically or electrically and verify receipt of signal by the fire alarm control unit. |
| (c) Fire–gas and other detectors | Х | Annually | Test fire–gas detectors and other fire detectors as prescribed by the manufacturer and as necessary for the application. |
| (d) Heat detectors (1) Fixed- temperature, rate- of-rise, rate of compensation, restorable line, spot type (excluding pneumatic tube type) | Х | Annually (see 14.4.4.5) | Perform heat test with a listed and labeled heat source or in accordance with the manufacturer's published instructions. Assure that the test method for the installed equipment does not damage the nonrestorable fixed-temperature element of a combination rate-of-rise/fixed-temperature element detector. |
| (2) Fixed- temperature, nonrestorable line type | Х | Annually | Do not perform heat test. Test functionality mechanically and electrically. Measure and record loop resistance. Investigate changes from acceptance test. |
| (3) Fixed- temperature, nonrestorable spot type | Х | See Method | After 15 years from initial installation, replace all devices or have 2 detectors per 100 laboratory tested. Replace the 2 detectors with new devices. If a failure occurs on any of the detectors removed, remove and test additional detectors to determine either a general problem involving faulty detectors or a localized problem involving 1 or 2 defective detectors. If detectors are tested instead of replaced, |
| (4) Nonrestorable | Х | Annually | repeat tests at intervals of 5 years. Do not perform heat tests. Test functionality mechanically and electrically. |
| (general) (5) Restorable line type, pneumatic tube only | x | Annually | Perform heat tests (where test chambers are in circuit), with a listed and labeled heat source or in accordance with the manufacturer's published instructions of the detector or conduct a test with pressure pump. |
| (6) Single- and multiple- station heat alarms | х | Annually | Conduct functional tests according to manufacturer's published instructions. Do not test nonrestorable heat detectors with heat. |

| Component | <u>Initial</u> | <u>Periodic</u> | Method |
|---|----------------|------------------|---|
| component | Acceptance | <u>Frequency</u> | Method |
| (e) Manual fire alarm boxes | Х | Annually | Operate manual fire alarm boxes per the manufacturer's published instructions. Test both key-operated presignal and general alarm manual fire alarm boxes. |
| (f) Radiant energy fire detectors | Х | Semiannually | Test flame detectors and spark/ember detectors in accordance with the manufacturer's published instructions to determine that each detector is operative. |
| | | | Determine flame detector and spark/ember detector sensitivity using any of the following: |
| | | | (1) Calibrated test method |
| | | | (2) Manufacturer's calibrated sensitivity test instrument |
| | | | (3) Listed control unit arranged for the purpose |
| | | | (4) Other approved calibrated sensitivity test method that is directly proportional to the input signal from a fire, consistent with the detector listing or approval |
| | | | If designed to be field adjustable, replace detectors found to be outside of the approved range of sensitivity or adjust to bring them into the approved range. |
| | | | Do not determine flame detector and spark/ember detector sensitivity using a light source that administers an unmeasured quantity of radiation at an undefined distance from the detector. |
| (g) Smoke detectors — functional test | | | |
| (1) In other than one- and two-family dwellings, system detectors | Х | Annually | ^h Test smoke detectors in place to ensure smoke entry into the sensing chamber and an alarm response. Use smoke or a listed and labeled product acceptable to the manufacturer or in accordance with their published instructions. Other methods listed in the manufacturer's published instructions that ensure smoke entry from the protected area, through the vents, into the sensing chamber can be used |
| (2) Single- and multiple- station smoke alarms connected to protected premises systems | Х | Annually | Perform a functional test on all single- and multiple-station smoke alarms connected to a protected premises fire alarm system by putting the smoke alarm into an alarm condition and verifying that the protected premises system receives a supervisory signal and does not cause a fire alarm signal. |

| Component | <u>Initial</u> | Periodic | Method |
|--|----------------|------------------|---|
| component | Acceptance | <u>Frequency</u> | Method |
| (3) System smoke detectors used in one- and two-family dwellings | Х | Annually | Conduct functional tests according to manufacturer's published instructions. |
| (4) Air sampling | х | Annually | Test with smoke or a listed and labeled product acceptable to the manufacturer or in accordance with their published instructions. Test from the end sampling port or point on each pipe run. Verify airflow through all other ports or points. |
| (5) Duct type | Х | Annually | In addition to the testing required in Table 14.4.3.2(g)(1) and Table 14.4.3.2(h), test duct smoke detectors that use sampling tubes to ensure that they will properly sample the airstream in the duct using a method acceptable to the manufacturer or in accordance with their published instructions. |
| (6) Projected beam type | Х | Annually | Test the detector by introducing smoke, other aerosol, or an optical filter into the beam path. |
| (7) Smoke detector with built- in thermal element | Х | Annually | Operate both portions of the detector independently as described for the respective devices. |
| (8) Smoke detectors with control output functions | х | Annually | Verify that the control capability remains operable even if all of the initiating devices connected to the same initiating device circuit or signaling line circuit are in an alarm state. |
| (h) Smoke detectors — sensitivity testing In other than one- and two- family dwellings, system detectors | N/A | See 14.4.4.3 | ⁱ Perform any of the following tests to ensur that each smoke detector is within its listed and marked sensitivity range: |
| | | | (1) Calibrated test method (2) Manufacturer's calibrated sensitivity test instrument (3) Listed control equipment arranged for the purpose (4) Smoke detector/control unit arrangement whereby the detector causes |
| | | | a signal at the control unit when its sensitivity is outside its listed sensitivity range |
| | | | (5) Utner calibrated sensitivity test method |

| Component | <u>Initial</u> | <u>Periodic</u> | Method |
|--|-------------------------|------------------|--|
| | Acceptance | <u>Frequency</u> | metriou |
| (i) Carbon monoxide detectors/carbon monoxide alarms for the purposes of fire detection | Х | Annually | Test the devices in place to ensure CO entry to the sensing chamber by introduction through the vents, to the sensing chamber of listed and labeled product acceptable to the manufacturer or in accordance with their published instructions. |
| (j) Initiating devices, supervisory | | | |
| (1) Control valve switch | X Semiannual | <u>Annually</u> | Operate valve and verify signal receipt to be within the first two revolutions of the handwheel or within one-fifth of the travel distance, or per the manufacturer's published instructions. |
| (2) High- or low-air pressure switch | х | Annually | Operate switch and verify receipt of signal is obtained where the required pressure is increased or decreased a maximum 10 psi (70 kPa) from the required pressure level. |
| (3) Room temperature switch | х | Annually | Operate switch and verify receipt of signal to indicate the decrease in room temperature to 40°F (4.4°C) and its restoration to above 40°F (4.4°C). |
| (4) Water level switch | Х | Annually | Operate switch and verify receipt of signal indicating the water level raised or lowered a maximum 3 in. (70 mm) from the required level within a pressure tank, or a maximum 12 in. (300 mm) from the required level of a nonpressure tank. Also verify its restoral to required level. |
| (5) Water temperature switch | Х | Annually | Operate switch and verify receipt of signal to indicate the decrease in water temperature to 40° F (4.4°C) and its restoration to above 40° F (4.4°C). |
| (k) Mechanical, electrosonic, or pressure-type waterflow device | Х | Semiannually | Water shall be flowed through an inspector's test connection indicating the flow of water equal to that from a single sprinkler of the smallest orifice size installed in the system for wet-pipe systems, or an alarm test bypass connection for dry-pipe, pre-action, or deluge systems in accordance with NFPA 25. |
| (I) Multi-sensor fire detector or multi-criteria fire detector or combination fire detector | Х | Annually | Test each of the detection principles present within the detector (e.g., smoke/heat/CO, etc.) independently for the specific detection principle, regardless of the configuration status at the time of testing. Also test each detector in accordance with the published manufacturer's instructions. |
| | | | Test individual sensors together if the technology allows individual sensor responses to be verified. |

| | Acceptance | Frequency | |
|--|------------|------------------|---|
| | | | Perform tests as described for the respective devices by introduction of the physical phenomena to the sensing chamber of element. An electronic check (magnets, analog values, etc.) is not sufficient to comply with this requirement. |
| | | | Verify by using the detector manufacturer's published instructions that the test gas use will not impair the operation of either sensing chamber of a multisensor, multicriteria, or combination fire detector. |
| | | | Confirm the result of each sensor test through indication at the detector or control unit. |
| | | | Where individual sensors cannot be tested |
| | | | individually, test the primary sensor. ^J |
| | | | Record all tests and results. |
| 18. Special hazard equipment | | | |
| (a) Abort switch (dead-man type) | Х | Annually | Operate abort switch and verify correct sequence and operation. |
| (b) Abort switch (recycle type) | Х | Annually | Operate abort switch and verify development of correct matrix with each sensor operated. |
| (c) Abort switch (special type) | х | Annually | Operate abort switch and verify correct sequence and operation in accordance with authority having jurisdiction. Observe sequencing as specified on as-built drawings or in system owner's manual. |
| (d) Cross-zone detection circuit | Х | Annually | Operate one sensor or detector on each zone. Verify occurrence of correct sequence with operation of first zone and then with operation of second zone. |
| (e) Matrix-type circuit | х | Annually | Operate all sensors in system. Verify development of correct matrix with each sensor operated. |
| (f) Release solenoid circuit ^k | х | Annually | Verify operation of solenoid. |
| (g) Squibb release circuit | Х | Annually | Use AGI flashbulb or other test light approved by the manufacturer. Verify operation of flashbulb or light. |
| (h) Verified, sequential, or counting zone circuit | Х | Annually | Operate required sensors at a minimum of four locations in circuit. Verify correct sequence with both the first and second detector in alarm. |
| (i) All above devices or circuits or combinations thereof | Х | Annually | Verify supervision of circuits by creating an open circuit. |

| Component | Initial | <u>Periodic</u> | Mathad |
|--|------------|------------------|--|
| Component | Acceptance | <u>Frequency</u> | Method |
| (a) Fire extinguisher electronic monitoring device/system | Х | Annually | Test communication between the device connecting the fire extinguisher electronic monitoring device/system and the fire alarm control unit to ensure proper signals are received at the fire alarm control unit and remote annunciator(s) if applicable. |
| (b) Carbon monoxide ^l device/system | Х | Annually | Test communication between the device connecting the carbon monoxide device/system and the fire alarm control unit to ensure proper signals are received a the fire alarm control unit and remote annunciator(s) if applicable. |
| 20. equipment ^m | Х | See 14.4.4.4 | Test interface equipment connections by operating or simulating the equipment being supervised. Verify signals required to be transmitted are received at the control unit. Test frequency for interface equipment is the same as the frequency required by the applicable NFPA standard(s) for the equipment being supervised. |
| 21. Guard's tour equipment | Х | Annually | Test the device in accordance with the manufacturer's published instructions. |
| 22. Alarm Hourication appliances (a) Audible ⁿ | Х | N/A | For initial and reacceptance testing, measure sound pressure levels for signals with a sound level meter meeting ANSI S1.4a, <i>Specifications for Sound Level</i> <i>Meters</i> , Type 2 requirements. Measure sound pressure levels throughout the protected area to confirm that they are in compliance with Chapter 18. Set the sound level meter in accordance with ANSI S3.41 <i>American National Standard Audible</i> <i>Evacuation Signal,</i> using the time-weighted characteristic F (FAST). |
| (b) Audible textual notification appliances (speakers and other appliances to convey voice messages) | N/A X | Annually N/A | For periodic testing, verify the operation of the notification appliances. For initial and reacceptance testing, measure sound pressure levels for signals with a sound level meter meeting ANSI S1.4a, <i>Specifications for Sound Level</i> <i>Meters</i> , Type 2 requirements. Measure sound pressure levels throughout the protected area to confirm that they are in compliance with Chapter 18. Set the sound level meter in accordance with ANSI S3.41 <i>American National Standard Audible</i> <i>Evacuation Signal</i> , using the time-weighted characteristic F (FAST). Verify audible information to be distinguishable and understandable and in compliance with 14.4.11. |

| <u>Component</u> | | | Method |
|--|------------|-----------|---|
| | Acceptance | Frequency | |
| | N/A | Annually | ^O For periodic testing, verify the operation of the notification appliances. |
| (c) Visible | Х | N/A | Perform initial and reacceptance testing in accordance with the manufacturer's published instructions. Verify appliance locations to be per approved layout and confirm that no floor plan changes affect the approved layout. Verify that the candela rating marking agrees with the approved drawing. Confirm that each appliance flashes. |
| | N/A | Annually | For periodic testing, verify that each appliance flashes. |
| Exit marking audible notification appliance | Х | Annually | Perform tests in accordance with manufacturer's published instructions. |
| 24. Emergency control functions ^p | X | Annually | For initial, reacceptance, and periodic testing, verify emergency control function interface device activation. Where an emergency control function interface device is disabled or disconnected during initiating device testing, verify that the disabled or disconnected emergency control function interface device has been properly restored |
| Area of refuge two-way communication system | х | Annually | Use the manufacturer's published instructions and the as-built drawings provided by the system supplier to verify correct operation after the initial testing phase has been performed by the supplier or by the supplier's designated representative. |
| | | | Test the two-way communication system to verify operation and receipt of visual and audible signals at the transmitting unit and the receiving unit, respectively. |
| | | | Operate systems with more than five stations with a minimum of five stations operating simultaneously. |
| | | | Verify voice quality and clarity. |
| | | | Verify directions for the use of the two-way communication system, instructions for summoning assistance via the two-way communication system, and written identification of the location is posted adjacent to the two-way communication system. |
| | | | Verify that all remote stations are readily accessible. |
| | | | Verify the timed automatic communications capability to connect with a constantly attended monitoring location per 24.5.3.4. |

| | <u>Initial</u> | Periodic | |
|---|----------------|------------------|---|
| <u>Component</u> | Acceptance | <u>Frequency</u> | Method |
| (a) Alarm verification | X | Annually | Verify time delay and alarm response for smoke detector circuits identified as having alarm verification. |
| (b) Multiplex systems | Х | Annually | Verify communications between sending and receiving units under both primary and secondary power. |
| | | | Verify communications between sending and receiving units under open-circuit and short-circuit trouble conditions. |
| | | | Verify communications between sending and receiving units in all directions where multiple communications pathways are provided. |
| | | | If redundant central control equipment is provided, verify switchover and all required functions and operations of secondary control equipment. |
| | | | Verify all system functions and features in accordance with manufacturer's published instructions. |
| Supervising station alarm 27. systems — receiving equipment | | | |
| (a) All equipment | х | Monthly | Perform tests on all system functions and features in accordance with the equipment manufacturer's published instructions for correct operation in conformance with the applicable sections of Chapter 26. |
| | | | Actuate initiating device and verify receipt of the correct initiating device signal at the supervising station within 90 seconds. Upon completion of the test, restore the system to its functional operating condition. |
| | | | If test jacks are used, perform the first and last tests without the use of the test jack. |
| (b) Digital alarm communicator receiver (DACR) | х | Monthly | Disconnect each transmission means in turn from the DACR, and verify audible and visual annunciation of a trouble signal in the supervising station. |
| | | | Cause a signal to be transmitted on each individual incoming DACR line (path) at least once every 6 hours (24 hours for DACTs installed prior to adoption of the 2013 edition of <i>NFPA</i> 72). Verify receipt of these signals. |
| (c) Digital alarm radio receiver (DARR) | Х | Monthly | Cause the following conditions of all DARRs on all subsidiary and repeater station receiving equipment. Verify receipt at the supervising station of correct signals for each of the following conditions: |
| | | | (1) AC power failure of the radio equipment(2) Receiver malfunction |

| Component | Initial | Periodic | Method |
|--|------------|------------------|---|
| <u>oomponent</u> | Acceptance | <u>Frequency</u> | method |
| | | | (3) Antenna and interconnecting cable failure |
| | | | (4) Indication of automatic switchover of the DARR |
| | | | (5) Data transmission line failure between the DARR and the supervising or subsidiar station |
| (d) McCulloh systems | х | Monthly | Test and record the current on each circuit at each supervising and subsidiary station under the following conditions: |
| | | | (1) During functional operation |
| | | | (2) On each side of the circuit with the receiving equipment conditioned for an open circuit |
| | | | Cause a single break or ground condition on each transmission channel. If such a fault prevents the functioning of the circuit, verify receipt of a trouble signal. |
| | | | Cause each of the following conditions at each of the supervising or subsidiary stations and all repeater station radio transmitting and receiving equipment; verif receipt of correct signals at the supervising station: |
| | | | (1) RF transmitter in use (radiating) |
| | | | (2) AC power failure supplying the radio equipment |
| | | | (3) RF receiver malfunction |
| | | | (4) Indication of automatic switchover |
| (e) Radio alarm supervising station receiver (RASSR) and radio alarm repeater station receiver (RARSR) | Х | Monthly | Cause each of the following conditions at each of the supervising or subsidiary stations and all repeater station radio transmitting and receiving equipment; verif receipt of correct signals at the supervising station: |
| | | | (1) AC power failure supplying the radio equipment |
| | | | (2) RF receiver malfunction |
| | | | (3) Indication of automatic switchover, if applicable |
| (f) Private microwave radio systems | х | Monthly | Cause each of the following conditions at each of the supervising or subsidiary stations and all repeater station radio transmitting and receiving equipment; verifi- receipt of correct signals at the supervising station: |
| | | | (1) RF transmitter in use (radiating) |
| | | | (2) AC power failure supplying the radio equipment |
| | | | (3) RF receiver malfunction |
| | | | (4) Indication of automatic switchover |

| Component | <u>Initial</u> | <u>Periodic</u> | Mathad |
|--|----------------|------------------|--|
| <u>Component</u> | Acceptance | Frequency | Method |
| | | | Perform tests to ensure the monitoring of integrity of the transmission technology and technology path. |
| (g) Performance- based technologies | Х | Monthly | Where a single communications path is used, disconnect the communication path. Verify that failure of the path is annunciated at the supervising station within 60 minutes of the failure (within 5 minutes for communication equipment installed prior to adoption of the 2013 edition of <i>NFPA 72</i>). Restore the communication path. |
| | | | Where multiple communication paths are used, disconnect both communication paths and confirm that failure of the path is annunciated at the supervising station within not more than 6 hours of the failure (within 24 hours for communication equipment installed prior to adoption of the 2013 edition of <i>NFPA</i> 72). Restore both communication paths. |
| Public emergency alarm reporting 28. system transmission equipment | | | |
| (a) Publicly accessible alarm box | х | Semiannually | Actuate publicly accessible initiating device(s) and verify receipt of not less than three complete rounds of signal impulses. Perform this test under normal circuit conditions. If the device is equipped for open circuit operation (ground return), test i in this condition as one of the semiannual tests. |
| (b) Auxiliary box | x | Annually | Test each initiating circuit of the auxiliary box by actuation of a protected premises initiating device connected to that circuit. Verify receipt of not less than three complete rounds of signal impulses. |
| (c) Master box | | | |
| operation | Х | Semiannually | Perform the tests prescribed for 28(a). |
| (2) Auxiliary operation | Х | Annually | Perform the tests prescribed for 28(b). |
| Low-power radio 29. (wireless systems) | Х | N/A | The following procedures describe additional acceptance and reacceptance test methods to verify wireless protection system operation: |

| Component | Initial | Periodic | Mathad |
|------------------------------------|------------|-----------|--|
| <u>component</u> | Acceptance | Frequency | Method |
| | | | (1) Use the manufacturer's published instructions and the as-built drawings provided by the system supplier to verify correct operation after the initial testing phase has been performed by the supplier or by the supplier's designated representative. |
| | | | (2) Starting from the functional operating condition, initialize the system in accordance with the manufacturer's published instructions. Confirm the alternative communications path exists between the wireless control unit and peripheral devices used to establish initiation, indication, control, and annunciation. Test the system for both alarm and trouble conditions. |
| | | | (3) Check batteries for all components in the system monthly unless the control unit checks all batteries and all components daily. |
| 30. Mass notification | | | |
| (a) Functions | Х | Annually | At a minimum, test control equipment to verify correct receipt of alarm, supervisory, and trouble signals (inputs); operation of evacuation signals and auxiliary functions (outputs); circuit supervision, including detection of open circuits and ground faults; and power supply supervision for detection of loss of ac power and disconnection of secondary batteries. |
| (b) Fuses | Х | Annually | Verify the rating and supervision. |
| (c) Interfaced equipment | Х | Annually | verify integrify of single or multiple circuits providing interface between two or more control units. Test interfaced equipment connections by operating or simulating operation of the equipment being supervised. Verify signals required to be transmitted at the control unit. |
| (d) Lamps and LEDs | х | Annually | Illuminate lamps and LEDs. |
| (e) Primary (main) power supply | Х | Annually | Disconnect all secondary (standby) power and test under maximum load, including all alarm appliances requiring simultaneous operation. Reconnect all secondary (standby) power at end of test. For redundant power supplies, test each separately. |
| | | | |

| Commonset | <u>Initial</u> | Periodic | Mathad |
|--|----------------|-----------|---|
| component | Acceptance | Frequency | Method |
| (f) Audible textual notification appliances (speakers and other appliances to convey voice messages) | Х | Annually | Measure sound pressure level with a sound level meter meeting ANSI S1.4a, <i>Specifications for Sound Level Meters</i> , Type 2 requirements. Measure and record levels throughout protected area. Set the sound level meter in accordance with ANSI S3.41, <i>American National Standard Audible</i> <i>Evacuation Signal</i> , using the time-weighted characteristic F (FAST). Record the maximum output when the audible emergency evacuation signal is on. |
| (g) Visible | Х | Annually | Verify audible information to be distinguishable and understandable. Perform test in accordance with manufacturer's published instructions. Verify appliance locations to be per approved layout and confirm that no floor plan changes affect the approved layout. Verify that the candela rating marking agrees with the approved drawing. Confirm that each appliance flashes. |
| (h) Control unit functions and no diagnostic failures are indicated | Х | Annually | Review event log file and verify that the correct events were logged. Review system diagnostic log file; correct deficiencies noted in file. Delete unneeded log files. Delete unneeded error files. Verify that sufficient free disk space is available. Verify unobstructed flow of cooling air is available Change/clean filters, cooling fans, and intake vents. |
| (i) Control unit reset | х | Annually | Power down the central control unit computer and restart it. |
| (j) Control unit security | Х | Annually | If remote control software is loaded onto the system, verify that it is disabled to prevent unauthorized system access. |
| (k) Audible/visible functional test | Х | Annually | Send out an alert to a diverse set of predesignated receiving devices and confirm receipt. Include at least one of each type of receiving device. |
| (I) Software backup | х | Annually | Make full system software backup. Rotate backups based on accepted practice at site |
| (m) Secondary power test | Х | Annually | Disconnect ac power. Verify the ac power failure alarm status on central control equipment. With ac power disconnected, verify battery voltage under load. |
| (n) Wireless signals | Х | Annually | Check forward/reflected radio power is within specifications. |
| (o) Antenna | Х | Annually | Check forward/reflected radio power is within specifications. Verify solid electrical connections with no observable corrosion. |
| (p) Transceivers | Х | Annually | Verify proper operation and mounting is no compromised. |

^aSome transmission equipment (such as but not limited to cable modems, fiber-optic interface nodes, and VoIP interfaces) are typically powered by the building's electrical system using a

| intended by Chapte power su | to ensure that the testing authority verifies full secondary (standby) power as requer 10. Additionally, refer to Table 14.4.3.2, items 7 through 9, for secondary (stand pply testing. |
|---|---|
| ^b The auto occur. | omatic transmission of the check-in (handshake) signal can take up to 60 minutes |
| ^c See Tab | le 14.4.3.2, Item 4(a) for the testing of transmission equipment. |
| d _{Example} | e: 4000 mAh × ½₅ = 160 mA charging current at 77°F (25°C). |
| ^e The volt | meter sensitivity has been changed from 1000 ohms per volt to 100 ohms per volt |
| that the fa | alse ground readings (caused by induced voltages) are minimized. |
| ^f Initiating | devices such as smoke detectors used for elevator recall, closing dampers, or |
| releasing | doors held in the open position that are permitted by the Code (see NFPA 1019.6 |
| to initiate | supervisory signals at the fire alarm control unit (FACU) should be tested at the sa |
| frequency | (annual) as those devices when they are generating an alarm signal. They are no |
| supervisc | ry devices, but they initiate a supervisory signal at the FACU. |
| ^g Fusible f | thermal link detectors are commonly used to close fire doors and fire dampers. Th |
| are actua | ted by the presence of external heat, which causes a solder element in the link to |
| or by an e | electric thermal device, which, when energized, generates heat within the body of |
| link, caus | ing the link to fuse and separate. |
| ^h Note, it i | s customary for the manufacturer of the smoke detector to test a particular produc |
| from an a | erosol provider to determine acceptability for use in smoke entry testing of their sr |
| detector/ | smoke alarm. Magnets are not acceptable for smoke entry tests. |
| ⁱ There ar | e some detectors that use magnets as a manufacturer's calibrated sensitivity test |
| instrumer | it. |
| ^j For exam | uple, it might not be possible to individually test the heat sensor in a thermally |
| enhanced | I smoke detector. |
| ^k Manufac suppressi Plan of 14 | turer's instructions should be consulted to ensure a proper operational test. No on gas or agent is expected to be discharged during the test of the solenoid. See 1.2.10. |
| ^I Testing o | f CO device should be done to the requirements of NFPA 720. |
| ^m A monit | or module installed on an interface device is not considered a supervisory device |
| therefore | not subject to the quarterly testing frequency requirement. Test frequencies for |
| interface | devices should be in accordance with the applicable standard. For example, fire p |
| controller | alarms such as phase reversal are required to be tested annually. If a monitor mo |
| is installe | d to identify phase reversal on the fire alarm control panel, it is not necessary to te |
| for phase | reversal four times a year. |
| ⁿ Chapter | 18 would require 15 dB over average ambient sound for public mode spaces. |
| Sometime | The ambient sound levels are different from what the design was based upon. |
| Private op | Derating mode would require 10 dB over average ambient at the location of the de |
| ^O Where b | uilding, system, or occupancy changes have been observed, the owner should be |
| notified of | i the changes. New devices might need to be installed and tested per the initial |
| acceptan | ce testing criteria. |
| ^p See A.1 | 4.4.3.2. and Table 14.4.3.2. Item 24. |

Since this component is already supervised, an annual test will release man-hours to test other higher risk components.

Submitter Information Verification

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Committee Statement

Resolution: The Technical Committee does not accept the change without any substantive substantiation. Verification of tamper switch mounting and alignment is a component of switch testing.

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